

Nom Rath Chopra



### SIR RAM NATH CHOPRA

#### (1882 - 1973)

## Foundation Fellow 1935

### Birth, Childhood, School and University Education, etc.

PROF. RAM NATH CHOPRA was born in 1882 as the eldest son of Raghu Nath Chopra of Jammu and Kashmir State, in a respectable Dogra family who had migrated from Rawalpindi area to Jammu and Srinagar State. He had early schooling, partly in Jammu and partly in Srinagar and later was sent to Lahore for the completion of his High School and College studies. Being the eldest of a middle class family of five or six children, he was exposed to an atmosphere of "plain living and high thinking". He showed good scholastic ability from young days and this encouraged his father to send him out to Lahore for his High School and University education. He graduated from the Punjab University with a brilliant academic record which so ably impressed his teachers that his father was advised to send him to England for higher studies. Being a successful official of the Kashmir Raj State, his father could afford to do so. Early in 1903 Chopra proceeded to England and enrolled himself in the Downing College, Cambridge. Here he stayed for almost 10 years, obtaining the Science Tripos in 1905, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) in 1907 and M.B., B.Ch. (Cantab.) in 1908 and M.D. in 1912. While studying medicine at St. Bartholomew's Hospital in London, he successfully competed for the Indian Medical Service (IMS) examination standing third in order of merit. After a few years of field service in East Africa and in the Afghanisthan war near Peshawar, as an IMS Officer, he was appointed in 1921 as Professor of Pharmacology at the School of Tropical Medicine and concurrently, Professor of Pharmacology at the Calcutta Medical College. His professional career and research activities started from this point of time.

#### His Professional Career, Research, and Contributions to Science

In 1921, more than fifty years age from now, Pharmacology as a distinct and independent scientific discipline was unknown in India. Pharmacology was not included as a subject of study in the curriculum of undergraduate Medical Colleges. No systematic study on the basis of animal experimentation was being undertaken in any of the universities or medical Institutions. It was therefore no easy task for young Prof. Chopra to organise and equip



a laboratory for modern experimental Pharmacological work for the first time in India. With zealous devotion, he succeeded in surmounting all difficulties and during the 20 years of his association, first as Professor of Pharmacology and later as Director with the School of Tropical Medicine at Calcutta, he spearheaded a medical research programme in association with his students, colleagues and co-workers, which resulted in a steady steam of research output in various aspects of Tropical Medicine, Experimental Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Drug Addiction, Indigenous Drugs, Drug Standardization, Toxicology, Clinical Medicine, Newer Laboratory Techniques and Methodology in diagnostic work, etc., etc. During this period, Chopra also took particular pains, whenever opportunity presented itself, in training a band of young workers to carry on teaching and research in his field of studies. Thus he slowly built up a virile and progressive laboratory from where emanated several distinguished pharmacologists to carry forward his message all over India's Medical Colleges and Research Institutions. Around 1940-41, prior to his retirement from the School of Tropical Medicine, as many as 33 co-workers and visiting Scientists had contacts and collaborative research enterprises with him. Chopra's position in India in this regard may be compared to those of Oswald Schmiedeberg of Germany and John Abel of America who are credited to have trained nearly 40 and 25 pupils respectively, who occupied at one time most of the important Pharmacology teaching positions in Europe and America.

Chopra's contributions to medical science cover a wide range of subjects. The main theme which seems to have attracted his attention early and to which he returned again and again was the study of Indian indigenous drugs—their chemical composition, the physiological action of their active principles on living tissues *in vivo* and *in vitro*, and the biochemical and biophysical changes brought about in mammalian organisms on the administration of these active principles. The aim and scope of the work, as he conceived it as early as 1922, were as follows:—

- 1. To make India self-supporting by enabling her to utilize the drugs produced in the country, by manufacturing them in a form suitable for administration.
- 2. To discover remedies from the claims of Ayurvedic, Yunani, Tibbi and other indigenous sources suitable to the employed by the exponents of western medicine.
- 3. To discover the means of effecting economy, so that these remedies might fall within the means of the great masses in India whose economic condition is very low.
- 4. To prepare an Indian Pharmacopoeia.

Such a comprehensive and ambitious approach to a complicated problem could not naturally be managed single-handed and Chopra realized from the very beginning, that collaboration with Botany and Chemistry was essential in tackling such problems. He started a partnership between him



and Professor S. Ghesh, Professor of Chemistry at the School of Tropical Medicine, which was destined to last all through his career at the School and which yielded very fruitful and far-reaching results in the field of Indian indigenous drugs. Practically all the indigenous substitutes that are now being used by medical practitioners in India in place of imported drugs may be said to be the outcome of the researches emanating from the Chopra-Ghosh School of workers. From scientific and academic view-points, the work on indigenous drugs had set up a high standard of medical and chemical research in India and had focussed international attention to it. Its value from the economic viewpoints is no less worthy of note, as it has given a definite fillip to the Indian drug industry. Chopra's book on *Indigenous Drugs of India; Medicinal and Poisonous Plants of India* (2 Vols.) and 'Glossary of Indian Medicinal Plants' will stand as lasting monuments of his enthusiasm and endeavour in a field which has seldom been troddden by scientifically trained medical workers.

There was, however, another side of Chopra's interest in Pharmacology which manifested itself in a large number of his published papers and in his books (joint authorship) on Tropical Therapeutics and Anthelmintics. He was one of those, like the late Prof. A. J. Clark of Edinburgh, who wanted to bridge the gap between pharmacology, therapeutics, and clinical medicine. He belonged to that group of medical workers who were trained to study and appreciate the whole field of experimental medical science, particularly its 'applied' side, as distinguished from 'fundamental and basic' concepts. Most of his work therefore leaned heavily towards studying problems of 'practical' utility to professional medical practice in the tropics. This is the reason why he moved his interest frequently from investigations pertaining to the field of tropical medicine such as asthma, lathyrism, epidemic dropsy, amoebic dysentery, helminthiasis, malaria, etc., to problems of drug quality, pharmaceutical and biological standardisation and drug adulteration, the scientific study of the effects of habit-forming drugs, e.g., opium, cannabis, alcohol, chloral hydrate, cocaine, hempdrugs, etc., on laboratory animals and human beings, the effects of chemotherapeutic remedies on mammalian system, the devising of laboratory tests for the diagnosis of kala-azar in outdoor clinics and in the field, etc., etc. He had also taken great interest in the action of substances, which are effective in tropical medicine, e.g., the quinine group and in the organic compounds of antimony. Some studies had also been undertaken to clarify the pharmacology and therapeutics of poisons from snakes and other sources. It did not fall to his lot to make epoch-making discoveries from his extensive search in the realm of Indian materia medica but he can legitimately lay claim to the first pharmacological study of the now universally known Indian Plant Drug, Rauwolfia serpentina (Chopra et al. 1933: Indian J. med. Res., 21, p. 261-271).

In the apparent 'diversity' of topics dealt with by Chopra and in the very wide range of his scientific contributions, there is evident to critical



observers and discerning critics a latent 'central theme', that is, his effort to always interweave and interdigitate the work of the laboratory and the hospital. Though essentially a laboratory man with a preferential liking for experimental therapeutics, Chopra's later experience at St. Bart's Hospital, and at the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases and in the Army Medical Service rounded off his university training in pharmacology and served to extend his knowledge and interest to the science of disease as a whole, and he became ultimately a combined product of the laboratory and the clinic. Judged from this angle, Chopra's contributions are undoubtedly very significant and give clear evidence of the range and versatility of his mind.

In 1930, Prof. Chopra was selected as Chairman of the Drugs Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India to suggest ways of preventing the widespread drug adulteration, substandard drug manufacture and distribution, and drug faking that were rampant then throughout the country. He toured all over India and gathered first-hand information of the sorry state of affairs regarding haphazard distribution through unqualified quacks and charlatans of many imported and locally manufactured drugs in the Indian market. With a view to remedy the situation and to stimulate manufacture of good quality, standard drugs for consumption in India, the Drugs Enquiry Committee (Chopra Committee) recommended All-India legislation for a 'Drugs Act' and a 'Pharmacy Act', more or less on the lines of the American Food, Drugs and Cosmetic Act. This recommendation came into statutory force in 1940 for the Drugs Act and in 1948 for the Pharmacy Act. The tremendous development of ethical drug manufacture and the growth of pharmaceutical profession in India today may therefore be credited to the forward-looking vision of Chopra and his strong advocacy for the pharmaceutical service through professionally trained pharmacists. The word 'Pharmacy' was introduced for the first time in Chopra Committee's report published in 1931. The word 'compounder' was in use in India before that time to designate those working as dispensers and purveyors of drugs.

The pioneer work of Chopra in building up Indian Pharmacology, in giving an impetus to Pharmacy in India, in boosting up medical and scientific research on 'applied problems' of peculiar interest in India soon marked him out as an outstanding Indian in the field of scientific medicine. Honours, too numerous to mention, in appreciation of his manifold contributions came to him from all quarters. From his Alma Mater (Cambridge University), he was admitted to the M.A. and Sc.D. degrees. From the University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of London, he was first made an MRCP and then FRCP. The Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain admitted him as an Honorary M.P.S., a rare distinction for a non-pharmaceutical scientist. From the School of Tropical Medicine and the University of Calcutta, he was awarded the Minto Medal, Mouatt Medal, Coatos Medal, etc. The Deutsche Pharmakologische Gesellschaft made him an Honorary



Member and he also served in the Expert Panel on Drug Addiction of the World Health Organisation at Geneva. Of the few Honorary Members admitted to the American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, Inc., Col. Chopra was one along with Sir Henry Dale of Great Britain and Geheimrat Professor Walther Straub of Munich, Germany. As a distinguished member of the Indian Medical Service, he was raised to the rank of a Brevet-Colonel much before his regular turn. He was made a CIE and later Knighted with a K.I.H. (Gold Medal). He was made the Chairman of the Drugs Enquiry Committee of the Government of India in the year 1930 and later, the Committee on Indigenous Systems of Medicine (1958). He was twice chosen as the Sectional President in Physiology and Medical Sciences of the Indian Science Congress and became also its General President in 1948. He was a Foundation Fellow of the National Institute of Sciences of India (now Indian National Science Academy). He was a Life Member and Fellow of the Asiatic Society and served as its Vice-President from 1938-40. He was also a recipient of the Barclay Memorial Medal of the Asiatic Society. He also served as the first Chairman of the Board of Editors of the Journal of Research in Indian Medicine published from Varanasi.

When he retired as the Director of the School of Tropical Medicine in Calcutta in November, 1941, on reaching the official age of superannuation, he never thought of sitting idle at home to enjoy his well earned rest. He was called upon immediately to take up the duties of the Director of Medical Services and Drug Research in Jammu and Kashmir State. It so happened that he worked for the next 20 years there, directing drug research and inspiring many of his students and collaborators to continue their research work in his chosen field. Through his efforts, the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) established the Regional Research Laboratory at Jammu and he guided the work of this Institution for many years as long as his physical powers permitted, never flagging in his zeal and devotion to work.

#### Reminiscences of Private Life

Chopra left behind him his wife (Parameshwari Devi), five children (three sons and two daughters), several grand-children and great-grandchildren. He was essentially a kind-hearted man, soft-spoken, gentle in manners but with a dignity and decorum which is a great personal trait of his character. In his dealings with his junior students he was always compassionate, helpful and often gracious. He was never known to have spoken harshly to anybody even when irritated. He was a thorough gentleman in every aspect of his dealings and personal behaviour. When he died at the ripe old age of 91 years in his own home at Srinagar, Kashmir, a great luminary disappeared from the firmament of medical education and medical research in India. Professor Chopra will be long remembered as the 'Father



of Indian Pharmacology', a founder of a School of Indian Pharmacologists, and an outstanding figure in the quality control and drug reform movement in India in the thirties of this century. Those with whom he came into intimate contact in Calcutta (1921-41) and later in Jammu-Srinagar, Kashmir (1941-71) will never forget his magnetic and yet simple personality, his high idealism, his unbounded enthusiasm and unflinching devotion to laboratory and clinical work, and above all, his remarkable capacity to bring about a 'team spirit', and promote collaborative effort amongst different groups of scientists in extending the bounds of medical and scientific knowledge. During his long, unbroken career in his chosen field of study (drug research), Professor Chopra raised himself almost to the status of an 'Institution' rather than an 'individual', a glorious career seldom to be achieved by most medical scientists in India.

A worker in his very core, endowed with a rich and creative mind, Chopra's many pupils, friends, and acquaintances cannot help but feel the loss of his genial and lovable company and inspiring leadership. He lived long enough (91 years) to see his pioneering work and objectives fulfilled. During the last years (1971-73), his alertness and memory began to fail somewhat and he too could not maintain his regular correspondence with everybody. The writer had been associated with him from his early days and to him the loss is all the more poignant. May his Soul rest in peace!

B. MUKERJI

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